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Section 1: Identification of the Material and the Supplier

Trade Name H207 WEST SYSTEM SPECIAL CLEAR HARDENER

Product Code H207

Recommended Use Used in conjunction with epoxy resin for adhesive and

composites applications

Company ATL Composites

Address 12-14 Production Ave Ernest 4214

Telephone +61 7 5563 1222 (Monday-Friday 8:30am-5:00pm)

Emergency Telephone

Number

+61 7 5563 1222 (Monday-Friday 8:30am-5:00pm)

Revision Date 20th March 2020

Section 2: Hazards Identification

GHS Classification: Skin Corrosion (Category 1)

Serious Eye Damage (Category 1)
Acute Toxicity Oral (Category 4)
Acute Toxicity Dermal (Category 5)
Skin Sensitisation (Category 1)
Acute Aquatic Toxicity (Category 1)
Chronic Aquatic Toxicity (Category 1)

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H313 May be harmful in contact with skin
H314 Causes severe burns and eye damage.
H317 May cause allergic skin irritation.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fumes / gas / mist / vapours / spray/

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.



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P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

P273 Avoid release to the environment

Response

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.
P321 Specific treatment (see supplement first aid instructions on this

label).

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal

plant

Section 3: Composition / Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight %
Polyamine prepolymer	-	10 - 20
Benzyl Alcohol	100-51-6	30 - 60
Polyamine	-	<10
Polyoxyproplenediamine	9046-10-0	10 - 30
Other ingredients determined not to be hazardous	-	0 - 10

Section 4: First Aid Measures

General Advice Seek medical advice. If breathing has stopped or is laboured give

assisted respirations. Supplemental oxygen may be indicated. If the heart has stopped begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation immediately.

Inhalation Remove the source of contamination or move the victim to fresh air.

Ensure airways are clear and have qualified person give oxygen through a face mask if breathing is difficult. If symptoms develop and

persist seek medical attention.

Ingestion DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Immediately wash out mouth with

water. If symptoms persist seek medical attention.

Skin Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove

contaminated clothing and wash before reuse or discard. If symptoms

develop seek medical attention.

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Eye If contact with the eye(s) occurs, wash with copious amounts of water

holding eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water unto the non-affected eye. If symptoms persist seek medical attention.

First Aid Facilities Eye wash and normal wash room facilities.

Other Information For advice, contact a Poisons Information Center (Phone e.g Australia

131 126)

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.

Hazards from Combustion Products

Under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating

fumes including carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Precautions in connection with Fire

Full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Operated in a positive pressure mode. Water spray may be used to

keep fire exposed containers cool.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Emergency procedures

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to minimise exposure. Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unnecessary personnel. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent material onto spillage. Use clean non-sparkling tools to collect the material and place in a suitable labelled container. Do not dilute material but contain. Dispose of waste according to federal, Environmental Protection Authority and state regulations. If the spillage enters the waterways contact the Environmental Protection

Authority, or your local Waste Management Authority.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling Do not get into eyes, on skin or on clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. DANGER. Corrosive to the eyes, corrosive to the skin. Maybe harmful if swallowed. Causes respiratory tract irritation. May cause skin sensitisation.

Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain hazardous product residues. Wash with soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics, or using toilet facilities. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated leather articles, including shoes cannot be decontaminated and should be destroyed to prevent reuse.

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Conditions for Safe Storage Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight. Keep

containers closed when not in use.

Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

National Exposure Standards No exposure standards have been established for this material by the Australian National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (NOHSC) or the Occupational Safety and Health Service (OHS) of the New Zealand Department of Labour. However, exposure standards for ingredients are

stated below:

Australian National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (NOHSC)

exposure standards:

Biological Limit Values No biological limit allocated.

Engineering Controls

Provide sufficient ventilation to keep airborne levels below the exposure limit. Where vapours or mist are generated, particularly in enclosed areas, and natural ventilation is inadequate, a local exhaust ventilation system is required.

Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers.

Respiratory Protection Where ventilation is inadequate the use of an Air Purifying Respirator with a replaceable organic vapour filter complying with AS/NZS 1715 and

AS/NZS 1716 is recommended.

Eye Protection

Safety glasses with side shields, goggles or full-face shield as appropriate recommended. Final choice of appropriate eye/face protection will vary according to individual circumstances i.e. methods of handling or engineering controls and according to risk assessments undertaken. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 – Eye protectors for Industrial Applications.

Hand Protection Wear gloves of impervious material such as impervious PVC or rubber gloves. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances i.e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1 Occupational protection gloves – Selection use and maintenance.

Body Protection Suitable work wear should be worn to protect personal clothing. Industrial clothing should conform to the specifications detailed in AS/NZS 2919:

Industrial Clothing.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Form Low Viscosity Liquid

Colour Clear

Odour Amine Odour

pH Not Available

Melting Point Not Determined

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Flash Point 195°C

Boiling Point >204°C

Vapour Density Not Available

Vapour Pressure <10.34 mmHg @ 21°C

Density 0.95 to 1.00

Auto-Ignition Temperature Not Available

Flammable Limits – Lower Not Available

Flammable Limits – Upper Not Available

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to

Avoid

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Exposure to water vapour.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidising agents.N-Nitrosamines, many of which are known to be potential carcinogens, maybe formed when the product comes into

contact with nitrous acid, nitriles or atmospheres with high nitrous oxide

concentrations.

Organic acids (i.e acetic acid, citric acid etc).

Mineral acids.

Sodium hypochlorite.

Product slowly corrodes copper, aluminium, zinc and galvanised

surfaces.

Reaction with peroxides may result in violent decomposition of peroxide

possibly creating an explosion.

Oxidising agent

Hazardous Decomposition Nitric acid Ammonia

Products Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Nitrogen oxide can react with water vapours to form corrosive nitric acid.

Carbon Monoxide Carbon Dioxide Nitrosamine

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Acute oral toxicity

LD50 Oral Rat >1,000 mg/kg Method : Estimated

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Acute dermal

Toxicity

LD50 Dermal Rabbit 2,400 mg/kg

Inhalation Inhalation of aerosol may cause irritation to the upper respiratory tract.

Can cause severe eye, skin, and respiratory tract burns.

Ingestion If ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of

perforation of the oesophagus and the stomach.

Skin Causes skin burns. This product may cause sensitisation in some

individuals.

Eyes Causes eye burns. May cause blindness.

Chronic Prolonged or repeated contact may result in irritation and/or allergic

Effects contact dermatitis.

Chronic toxicity or effects from long term exposures

Carcinogenicity No data available

Reproductive toxicity
No data available on the product itself

Germ cell This product or a component was mutagenic in a bacterial assay.

This product or a component did not cause chromosome damage in

an in vivo micronucleus assay.

Specific target organ

systemic toxicity (single exposure)

Eyes, Skin

Specific target organ

systemic toxicity (repeated exposure)

No data available

Aspiration hazard No data available

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity No ecological data available on the product itself.

Persistance / Degradability

Not available.

Mobility

Not available.

Do not allow product to enter drains, waterways or sewers.

Environmental Protection

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Disposal Dispose of waste according to federal, EPA and state regulations.

Considerations

Section 14: Transport Information

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ADG U.N UN/ID No: UN2735

Number Proper shipping name: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.

(Polyoxypropylenediamine)

Class: 8

Tunnel Code: (E) Packing Group: III

ADR/RID Hazard ID no: 80 Marine Pollutant: Yes

IATA UN/ID No: UN2735

Proper shipping name: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.

(Polyoxypropylenediamine)

Class: 8

Packing Group: III
Marine Pollutant: Yes

ERG:8L

IMDG UN/ID No: UN2735

Proper shipping name: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.

(Polyoxypropylenediamine)

Class: 8

Packing Group: III Marine Pollutant: Yes EmS: F-A, S-B

RID / ADR UN/ID No: UN2735

Proper shipping name: AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.

(Polyoxypropylenediamine)

Class: 8

Packing Group: III

EAC: 2X HIN: 80

Marine Pollutant: Yes

Section 15: Regulatory Information

Regulatory Australia: Classified as hazardous according to criteria of National

Information Occupational Health and Safety Commission (NOHSC).

Section 16: Other Information

Contact PRODUCT INFORMATION MANAGER: (+61) 7 5563 1222 **Person/Point** 12-14 Production Avenue, Ernest, Queensland, Australia

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.