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RAWLPLUG HISTORY

Rawlplug Co

of Rawlplug House, Cromwell Road, London, SW7. Telephone: Frobisher 8111 (10 lines). Telegraphic Address: "Rawlplug, Southkens, London"

c1917? A small fixing problem in the British Museum is said to have led to founding of the Rawlplug Company Limited - the world first fixing company. The Museum needed electrical fittings fixed to walls unobtrusively and without causing damage to the masonry. This was difficult using the traditional method - chiselling a hole in the masonry, plugging it with wood, and screwing the fitting to the wood. John J. Rawlings, a building contractor, solved the problem by inventing the fibre plug - known as the **Rawlplug** - into which screws were driven. The basic principle in the design was grip by expansion. Each screw had its own size of plug which was designed so that it expanded to the maximum as the screw was tightened up into the plug.



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- The first **Rawlplug** fixing consisted of a brass strip stamped in four sections with a thread on each section. The sections were then folded and placed with the screw in the hole and expanded under the action of the screw.
- The next step was to use fibre that was found to be an ideal substance chiefly due to its resilience and tenacity. Hemp and string were laid lengthways on a mandrill and bonded with glue.
- What advantages did the **Rawlplug** offer?

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- Only a small hole was needed to accommodate the plug this could be made easily and quickly.
- The screw could be driven into the **Rawlplug** just as simply as if into wood but the 0 fixing immensely stronger - in fact as strong as the screw itself.

It was a much neater method of fixing. Only a small hole was required, whereas the conventional method was to chisel a large hole into which was driven a bulky wedge of wood.

- The fibre **Rawlplug** had come to stay. Suitable for all types of masonry, it provided a simple answer to thousands of fixings problems. The plug met with immediate success. It was precisely the product for the busy building industry, and it rapidly revolutionised the making of fixings into masonry.
- Thousands of pounds were spent on demonstration and advertising to convince trade and public that a small plug could make a stronger fixing than the much larger wood plug used at the time. In its early days, the company caused a trade sensation by taking the whole front page of the Daily Mail. This paved the way for retail stockists to advertise in such a manner.
- 1920 Demand grew rapidly and large scale production was started. Rawling's Rawlplugs started not just a company but a worldwide industry, and added to many languages a new word as generic for fixings as a Singer for sewing machines and [Hoover] for vacuum cleaners. This analogy was to prove fruitful for years to come.
- A new industry was on the way. The inventors who developed the simple, effective, **Rawlplug** had now embarked on an exciting adventure that was to lead to the development of a full range of fixing devices. The success of the Rawlplug caused Architects, Civil Engineers, Builders, Electricians, and Plumbers to reveal a host of fixing problems.
- In the 1930s the increasing use of the then new material, reinforced concrete, led to the development and introduction of the patented Rawlbolt Anchor - the first ever mechanical fixing launched on the market. Rawlbolt overcame many of the problems associated with this then new

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kind of substrate, like fixing machinery to floors and walls. The *Rawlbolt* Anchor has been further developed many times since then and, over 70 years on, is still an industry standard.

1937 Listed Exhibitor - British Industries Fair. Rawlplugs, Rawlplug Tools. Rawlbolts. Bolt anchor, Mechanical Hammer, Wall Boring Tools, Drills, Master Tools, Durofix Plastic Wood, Electric Soldering Iron. Frostolac Bathroom Fittings. (Stand No. Cb.308) [1]



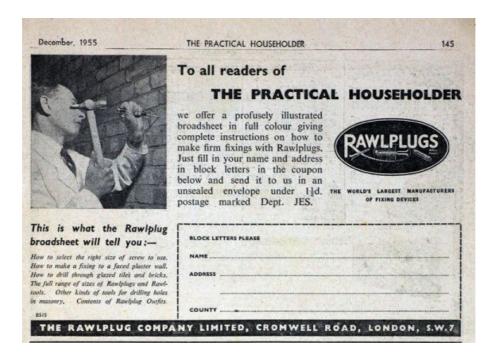
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1960s Plastic replaced the fibre of the original plug

Dramatic strides in construction techniques led to the continued development of appropriate new innovative products.

These include the Rawl SafetyPlus, designed to meet safety critical applications, as well as a Rawl bonded anchor range in cartridge and capsule form, first introduced in early 70s, and R-HPT Throughbolts for use in cracked concrete.

With the boom in DIY activity that followed in the 1970s and 80s the product and the name Rawlplug became household names.



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How to use RAWLPLUGS

Brick and plaster walls must first be plugged before screws can be driven into them.

This is done by cutting a hole into the wall and filling the hole with a fibrous plug.

The plug-holes may be bored with a carbon-tipped masonry drill used in an electricpowered drill or hand drill, or the hole may be tapped with a 'jumper'.

A jumper (or 'star' chisel as it is sometimes called) is a fluted chisel, fitted into a solid steel handle; it is held in position against the wall and the end of the handle is struck with a hammer.

In between each hammer blow the jumper is rotated slightly to make a cleanly cut hole.

The jumper chisel-blades are exchangeable in the handle, and they are available in standard screw gauge numbers.

A number eight jumper (used with a No. 8 screw) will be found to be the most useful general size, other jumper sizes may be added to the handyman's tool-kit when and as required.

The plugs of tubes of compressed fibre are also supplied in standard screw sizes — a number eight plug is used in the same jumper number for No. 8 screws, and so on with other sizes.

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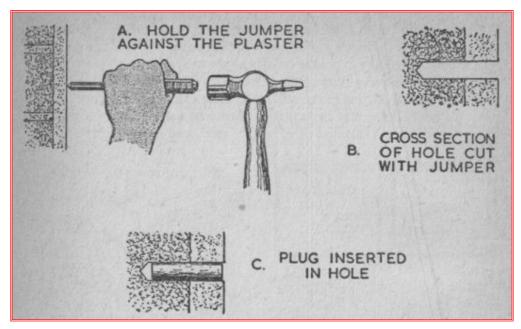
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The sequence of operations is illustrated below:

- (A) shows the jumper held against the wall,
- (B) shows a cross-section of the hole cut into the masonry,
- (C) shows the fibre plug inserted in the hole note that the hole is slightly longer than the plug.



With this done the screw may be driven into the plug to attach any kind of fitment, and will support considerable weights.

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